



IMPULSE (B:) AND THE MUSEUM OF CONTEMPORARY CANADIAN ART

JAMES GUNN

MILAN WHITE-GARNET

ELDON GARNET

DAN BAZUIN / REBECCA CARSON

KEVIN CHIA / CASSANDRA WESENHAGEN

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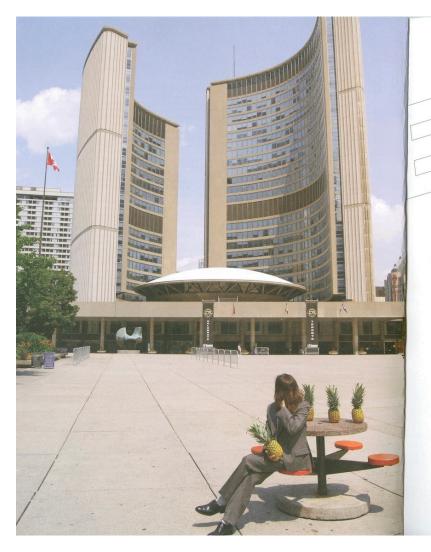
MOCCA.CA

DAN BERCERON-was born in Toronto in 1975. His work exists as life-size or large-k-ale figurative portraits, cut to shape and salbased to the architectural forms of the city, as fake advertisement appearing on reclaimfd billibaseds or as three-dimensional photo sculpturyd. Dan studied film and sound design at Carleton University in Ottasy but credits graftist and his passion for Saarboarding anylist creative use of urban architecture for heavily influencing his-free purposing of public spaces. Dan has completed commissions for the Art Gallery of Ontario, The Royal Ontario Miseum and the Luminato festival. His work can be sported in public spaces in Toronto, London, New York and Paris, He is represented by Show & Tell Gallery in Toronto.

JODA CLEMENT W/ NIGEL CRAIG Toronto based artist Joda Clement has been performing and composing experimental music in Canada for over 10 years, developing a unique repertoire of methods and techniques for working creatively with sound. His first album, Moveman y Rest, released by Alluvial Recordings in 2005, was followed by this collaborative Cherry Bands Project, in 2006 with higel Craig, and the Blegiam Mystery Sea label. Transcending a distinction between bands osurces, his work incorporates analog and acoustic instruments, found objects and audio recorded from the natural and urban portionment to create a landscape of sound that unites properties of both musical and everyday contexts. JODA CLÉMENT W/ NIGEL CRAIG Toronto based artist Ioda

Nigel Craig works with sound recordings, photographs, installation, and mixed media. He began experimenting with sound recording in high school, often teaming up with Joda Clement. The two friends continue to collaborate and currently are gathering resources for their next project, recording in subterranean spaces.

LIAM CROCKARD was born in Kitchener, Ontario in 1986 and currently lives and works in Toronto where he received his BFA from the Ontario College of Art & Design. He has organized exhibitions and shown his work in Toronto while exhibiting internationally in Chicago, Los Angeles and Berlin. His sculptural practice is defined by materially-inspired gestures that explore the collision of industry-driven hometown nostalga and modern art feitshism. Ultimately this conflation of the personal and the referential sits at the core of his explorations articulated through collage, video and sculpture.



PHENOMENOLOGY OF THE BUILT ENVIRONMENT

PEXT BY DAVID LISS

Dan Bergeron/Joda/Clément with Nigel Craig/
Liam Crockard/ Dorign FitzGerald/
Alberto Guedea Zamora/ Sara Graham/ David Han/
Janet Jones/ Yvonne Lammerich/
Tristram Lansdowne/ An Te-Liu/ Samina Mansuri/
Alex McLeod/ Jade Rude and Bruno Billio/
Lisa Steele & Kim Tomczak/ T&T/(Tyler Brett and
Tony Romano)/ Josh Thorpe/ David Trautrimas

THE TITLE OF THIS PROJECT

is borrowed from Empire
of Oreame: the Making of
the Sar Wars Trilogy, a
1988 documentary on the
follywood blockbuster movie
series, Sar Wars whose epic
tales related an ongoing battle
for control of a futuristic
intergalactic empire. Battles
over empire, territory, ideology
and identijs-fery ontrol of
wealth, technology and destiny,
are deeply embedded in our
instinsts to protect and survive.

Empires are byllt for longevity, to last foreveyt or dety myrrality. They employ our highest aspirations, our dreads and our will to find pike and forge identity. Empire, the dominant settletters of a vililization, is actification in a vililization is actificated in the built environment—and also through furnangible and arbitrary structures and system's economics, splittles, and the locial ard cultural constructs that influence

perceptions of our place i

Empires and civilizations may be intended to be permanent and fixed yet each is built upon the ruins of another, in a perpetual condition of flux, offransformation, bound to cycles of birth, growth, decay and death. Empires, love, megney and our mortal lives come and go, ever in a state of dynaphic transformation; the natural cycles of creation

and destruction, as it always has been and will be into the unknowable future.

unknowable nume.

Empire of Dreams looks at
ways in which we exist within
our built environment — the
phenomenon that is our
experience and interaction with
the physical and ephemeral
structures and architectures
that shape complex sensory
and cognitive relationships
to our surroundings. In our
time we are evolving rapidly



into a deeply interconnected global world (that now even extends beyond our planet) unprecedented in our history and experience. Battles for control abound as we continue to transform, dream, build and create habitable environments for survival, protection and to live our lives.

The backgrounds of the artists included in the exhibition are diverse yet they all live in Toronto in 2010, at the dawn of the millennium, in an age of rapidly increasing urbanisation and globalization. It is in large cities like Toronto where the resonant implications of this evolution play out within the greater context of a new, rising global empire. From a range of perspectives the artists engage discourses around the physical and fluid structures of empire – architecture, urbanisation, technology, economic and cultural paradigms, utopianism, existing and imagined space examining our ever-shifting relationships to them and how they define who we are.

Internationally influential Toronto urbanologist Iane

Jacobs said that our most direct connection to the city exists at street-level: to the sidewalks, the buildings and the storefronts that line them. As a "street artist," Dan Bergeron is closely attuned to street-level phenomenon. Similar to many in the recently designated genre, Bergeron sees public space, including privatelyowned real estate, as an inspiration, source and theatre for creating works directly in, on and around the city that question and re-imagines the urban landscape in critical and unconventional ways. His activities have included unauthorised interventions into the cityscape in the form of billboard coverings and photo-based paste-ups that introduce unexpected encounters, readings and meanings into the stream and flow of everyday urban life. Defunct Front (2010), it files for the will be a second to the conurban lite. Definet Front (2010) his false façade built onto the exterior of MOCCA, abruptly introduces the exhibition with accurately detailed recreations of empty storefronts in the neighbourhood, drawing attention to the constantly changing streets are of the changing streetscape of the rapidly gentrifying Queen

Street West, Like similar neighbourhoods in other cities, Queen Street West has transitioned over decades from being a destination for waves of immigrants, young families and light industry to an arts distr which in turn is being displaced by high-end retail shops, restaurants and nightclubs The cost of homes has also risen sharply. The building that MOCCA occupies was a functioning textile manufacturing plant until 2004. The area has been altered dramatically and irrevocably, affected by shifting condition of local and global economies and patterns of immigration and migration. Where there once was a manufacturing plant there is now an art museun and, as Bergeron's work suggests, that too is subject to

Passing through Bergeron's façade into the gallery lobby, viewers enter beneath An Te Liu's Cloud (2008). Originally commissioned for the 2008 Venice Biennial of Architecture, Cloud is an arrangement of Cloud is an arrangement of white-toned, functioning air purifiers, sterilizers and ionizers

suspended from the ceiling. The work refers to cycles of condensation and precipitation, as well as Modernist notions of purity of form that aspired through design and technology to create pure and hygienic environments. The work also resembles a floating city or a fictional spacecraft not unlike those portrayed in popular science-fiction genres, such as the 1960s Star Trek television series, or the Star Wars movies. Where those and other sci-fi utopian visions rely upon an unwavering faith in technology to liberate us from technology to interate us from the limitations of our abject existence, Cloud questions the Modernist fascination with and reliance upon the machine in creating idealized environments for living.

From the streetscape and atmospheric references that precede it, Alberto Guedea Zanora's photograph directly refers to the city of Toronto, formula solerial each ference to the city of Toronto, formerly a colonial seat of the British Empire in North America, and current home to all of the artists in the exhibition. Toronto is also known as one of the



world's most intercultural cities and City Hall is itself a Modernist architectural landmark that symbolizes for landmark that symbolizes for many a destination of hope, a beacon of global immigration, a possibility for a better life. The two towers suggest a gesture of protective embrace but the building is also the site and symbol of political bureaucracy. And immigration to Canada, to North America, to the "free world" is becoming to Candau, to Notin'i rimetera, to the "free world" is becoming an ever-more complex centralglement of paperwork and bureaucratic procedure driven by suspicion, racism, fears of terrorism, of job loss; fear of the Other encroaching upon "our" territory. Highly educated immigrants are forced to work for years in menial and low-paying jobs. Are our political structures and shifting attitudes open and welcoming, or are they designed to protect the empire and melecoming or are they designed to protect the empire and its privileged inhabitants? Guedea Zamora is a recent immigrant to Toronto, from Mexico, via Vancouver. Posing on the plaza at Nathan Phillips Square in a generic gery suit, hair covering his eyes, and surrounded by pincapples, he stands in for the everyman. And like the fruit he is holding, he is displaced from his geographic origins in an environment at once welcoming, alien and unknown

Almost imperceptibly located between An Te Liu's Cloud and Guedea Zamoru's photograph, is a discrete vertical line rising about four feet from the floor. Achieved with a palm sander, Josh Thorpe, exposes coloured layers of pain that lie beneath the gallery's white walls. He works in his usual sire-specific approach, selecting three areas of MOCCA's interior to sand down, rewelling astonishingly beautiful traces and tangible sites of memory inscribed. beautiful traces and tangble sites of memory inscribed into the architecture and the museum's history. Iransforming conceptual thought to physical gesture and memory to artifact, Subrateath Municip in MOCCA (after Alber and Huggbe), provides an archaeological account of transient and mutable realments that lie beneath the linned surfaces of everyday existence; a dynamic play upon the material and the ephemical, absence and presence, history and the present, and what is seen and what is not.

Tristram Lansdowne also explores relationships between realms of visibility and invisibility. His exquisite watercolour paintings on paper depict mostly abandoned or decaying buildings – warehouses, factories, a barn, houses – that appear to have been built atop to have been built atop
mysterious subterrancem
mysterious subterrancem
mysterious subterrancem
mysterious subterrancem
juxtapositions – a freight
elevator dangling by its calles
from beneath a barn – he
mines archaeological layers
and interstitial zones between
the real and the surreal, the
physical and the psychic,
between surface and depth, the
imaginative and the built world.
Provoking our instinctive
response to illuminate the
unknowable void with the
imaginary, Lansdowne engages
our sense of wonder at what
may have come before us and
what may become of us in the faiture.

Expanding upon these notions, Samina Mansuri's sprawling installation, After-Images: Cedibidace Reconstruction Site9 (2009-10), is a miniaturised city resembling urban planning models. Constructed from

cast-off parts of domestic appliances, children's toys, roads made from race track, film sprockets, computer parts and other similar detritus, all painted a flat, silver-grey, Mansuri covers the whole in a mixture of concrete dust and ash. An atmosphere of a mixture of concrete ours and ash. An atmosphere of ominous, post-apocalpytic gloom is dramatically enhanced by an overhead projection of vague, indistinguishable images that flicker over the city like a lightening storm or surveillance searchlights. The effect calls to mind the futuristic urban dystopia in the movie, Metraphic (1927). A viewing platform surrounds the parameters of the site evoking, a similar one that lines the site in Lower Manhatran where the World Trade Centre once stood. Among the intricately designed set there are no living beings, Mortality permeates the air. The city is the corpse, an extension of our bodies and being, shaping and structuring who we are. Trauma is inscribed on the city, our corporal and psychic selves, our very identities.

Alex McLeod's densely



nell, margaret Learns to Drive From 3: Faylaz Chunara/MOCCA

Terror Tealight and Spectral (both 2010), fabricated entirely in 3D-rendering software programs, are printed to cinematic scale, mesmerizing in their graphic precision and infinite detail. The pictures are tightly controlled, claustrophobic and yet strangely seductive and inviting, ambiguously suspended between utopian desire and dystopic nightmare. Within the density of these built environments, the only sign of nature is a cluster of spindly, white trees uncomfortably squeezed into the composition; estranged, there is no place for these ghosts from a forgotten past. The images, otherworldly and foreboding, nevertheless draw us in – as cities do – with the allure of twinkling lights, activity and opportunity. Considering our increased migration as a species to urban areas, we appear to be turning to the promises of technology to provide, protect and ensure survival. Adopt in the use of advanced digital technologies as McLeod is, the distinctly apocalyptic character of these works seem not entirely optimistic towards our entirely optimistic towards our

unbridled faith and investment in technologies and the urbanization of our species.

From the virtual worlds of McLeod, the massive painting by Dorian PiteGerald, ITP Room, Cusa da Música, Peerta, Perrugal, Rom Kosilhasa (Arbibited) (2010), takes us into the privileged sanctum of a contemporary "signature" building designed by Rem Kosilhasa, one of the most renowned superstar architects of our times. Referring to photographic sources of our times. Referring to photographic sources of the property of the photographic sources. Fitz-Gerald has depicted the room with accuracy but the impasto textures of his paint accentuate the over-the-top decadence to the point of kitsch. Koolihasa is known widely for his objections to the influence of capitalist and global forces that threaten to reduce the built environment to generic entities, where form is disconnected from function. Inoitally, of course, mobilization of these same forces is necessary for the realization of his projects. Even within "public" buildings, such as museums and concert halls, access is limited as economic

equations blur boundaries between public and private space. Our world, as always, is divided between very importar persons and those who are not. In this painting and his practice at large, FitzGerald draws attention to the beauty, seduction, deadence and absurdity of luxury and wealth.

David Han's Margaret Learns to Drive from There to Here (2009), invites us to consider the suburbs from the seat of a 1988 classic, wood-panelled Oldsmobile station wagon, a vehicle produced for family transportation in the twilight of North America's era of expanding middle-class. Projected onto the windows of the car are streetscape scenes that the artist video-recorded while driving around the Willowdale area of North York, one of Toronto's earliest suburbs. English subtriles suburbs. English subtriles supply a dialogue appropriated from an episode of Father Kness Bat, one of many popular American television series from the 1950s and 60s that were set in idyllic suburbs. Audio tracks translate into the five monstrommonly

spoken non-English languages in Willowdale: Cantonese, Mandarin, Korean, Farsi and Russian. Recognizing the unifying powers of the coollective cinematic experience, and the automobile as the common lens through which these landscapes are perceived. Han weaves cultural multiplicity into the narrative, into the passing streets and the built environment. Once considered models of utopian living, the design of the suburbs, the sprawl, the largely pre-fabricated, generic architecture and the reliance upon the car, have contributed to our sense of isolation from the environment and from each other. We exist together but we live separately within our own languages, culture and identities. As the familiar streets and buildings pass repeatedly across the windows, we recognize that we are

From the suburbs in the north of the city to the south of Toronto's waterfront on Lake Ontario, Joda Clément and Nigel Craig conjure the city's industrial past by creating site





specific sound pieces produced and recorded in 2004 inside a now-demolished waste oil storage tank that was located at Cherry Beach, an artificially constructed perinsial built before the middle of the last century to serve the city's industrial Portlands. Having gained unauthorised entry into the cavernous tanks, Clément and Craig set up their gear and produced sounds using materials mostly found around the site – broken bottles, the control of the co

of his most well-known sound and music experiments, notably, 433°, composer John Cage drew attention to the omnipresence of sound, even interpreting its ability to transform time and space as evidence of its metaphysical properties. Sound is always present, most prominently in urban environments, drifting in and out of our range of consciousness. The tanks and much of the heavy industry associated with them now in decline, Cliement and Craig's Cherry Beach Project, presented in 2010, evokes the power of sound and music to transport and transcend time and space, a haunting sonic echo of Torontofs past; a funereal soundtrack for a dying industrial age.

Ambient urban sound is also an integral component of the 3-channel video installation Becoming... (2009-10), by Lisa Steele and Kim Tomezak. In a looped cycle of sequenced rotation, images of architectural structures in Toronto and elsewhere depict a seemingly endless account of buildings and sites of diverse vintage, in

varying degrees of construction, usage, decay, abandonment and demolition, each of them in various states of transformation. The images and the compositions are straightforward, almost band and predictable; eventually inducing tedium until short texts – twists on familiar jokes – interrupt the monotony of the image flow and our complacent sense of expectancy. Passively immersed in the stream of projected images, the built environment passes by as we gaze uneasily, transfixed, dis-empowered, unsure of whether we should be amused or horrified by the cacophonous spectacle of this world forever in a transitional state of becoming in a transitional state of becoming

The digitally fabricated, photo-based architectural images in David Trautrimas', The Spyfrost Project series (2010), depict familiar domestic appliances situated in remote landscapes of tundra and forest, like sci-fi space vehicles or futuristic insects from an H.G. Wells novel. These iconic, menacing-booking architecture/machine hybrids call to mind secretive military

installations, satellites and surveillance technologies. The imagistic fusion draws parallels between the simultaneous advancements of post-WWII military and domestic technologies, identifying a disturbing paradox between the manufactured promise of leisure-based utopianism and the shadow of militarism. The contradictions embedded within these technologies also reflect contradictions within our own being, drawing unsettling parallels between tools of comfort, survival and protection and destruction.

The duo T&T (Tyler Brett and Tony Romano) also fabricate worlds of unique invention from objects such as toy models and hobby kits – cars, towers, fences, trees – densely piled together on table-tops like overcrowded miniature dioramas ambiguously appearing to be in states of collapse or construction. A digitally rendered illustration included in their installation appears to clarify that these are future worlds being built of necessity from recycled and repurposed materials. The work



nstallation view of works by Sara Graham/ Yvonne Lammeric

is at once playful, child-like in its imaginative conception, yet stark and serious in its survivalist strategies for a world collapsed under its own abundance and excess of stuff; suspended between destruction and utopian possibility.

In our times, it is becoming increasingly clear that the world of stuff of the production and consumption of goods in abundance for purposes necessary and not, is driven by interests primarily motivated by power and economics. Janet Jones has derived the images for her paintings from plantings from planti

evokes what she refers to as the techno-sublime, our awestruck fascination with technology and our increasing reliance upon mediated experience.

For her installation Rimeter (2010), Yvonne Lammerich has articulated a partially raised circle directly onto the surface of the gallery wall scaled to her proportions (the Vitruvian woman), with eight white rectangular foam protrusions emanating from its centre. An almost unnoticeable second circle of equal proportions has been subtly polished into the gallery floor. The effect of light and shadow activates a dynamic spatial interplay between surface and depth that complicates apprehension of the whole as apprehension of the whole as the experience shifts subtly with each movement of the viewer. Viewers standing at different points will perceive the same object from their own perspective, their own experience. Notions of space, stass, objectivity of truth are destabilized within the recesses between materiality and the intangible, presence

and what is not. There is a paradoxical tension between subjectivity and objectivity at play that questions phenomenological certainties in our encounter of the work and in our everyday experience of the world around us.

Conventional notions of spatial dynamics also appear to be confounded in Sara Grahamis precisely rendered series of nine architectural diagrams, Propartition for a New System (2007 and 2010). Clearly though, the dense, interlocked forms are not intended to be read as plausible plans or proposals. Within the complex cluster of forms the outline of certain buildings may be identifiable or seem familiar or generic; a caophonous hybrid of architectural eras and styles, driven by an internal, formal logic oblivious to human activity, functionality, coherence and the larger civic good. The built environment here appears to serve and perpetuate nothing other than itself. These are flawed structures and systems that by their very nature of excess, abundance and disharmony seem from

the outset condemned to dysfunction and failure, bereft of utopian aspiration and potential. Cities, as empires, are ever-changing and are built upon the ruins of the past one built upon the ruins of the past one built upon the excit, in perpetual evolution, each representing hopes of renewal and revitalisation but too often thwarted by political and economic interests.

The title of Liam Crockard's two-component sculpture, All Thumbs: Webstable and Steed No. 3 (2010), Illustrates a contradiction between the jury-rigged approach to curpentry and implied functionality. Hastily cobbled together (or so it appears) from discarded materials found in his studio and the streets and alleyways of his neighbourhood, they suggest the provisional, at a resourceful, makeshift approach, Similar to the work of T&C, Crockard builds from the waste of a world that is choked in excess and abundance. While perhaps paying homage to the humble, the abject and the doi-ty-yourself approach to home building and renovation,

Installation view of works by Janet Jones/ Jade Rude and Bruno Billi



there is also an irreverent undercurrent that seems to mock Modernist notions of perfection and the uniformity of mechanization that devalues the handmade and the human. Crockard's Constructivist/
Fluxus position recalls Gordon Matta-Clark's cut-up approach to the urban landscape, challenging assumptions and meanings between art, utilitarianism and the world around us.

In contrast to the provisional character of Crockard's work, the two elements in Jade Rude and Bruno Billio's Russian Mountain and Yellow Bilac's Mountain (2010) are highly designed and professionally fabricated. Designers as well as artists (collaborating here for the first time), they are liberated in an exhibition context from client demand, instead working to identify relationships between functionality and contemplation. They draw elements from the built environment to create a unique vocabulary that resides between functionality and contemplation, form and function. Both elements looks elements in the function for the elements of th

if they might be architectural proposals for some structure or other but clearly these could not be built for any pragmatic purpose. The highly polished mirrored surfaces of Rude's Russian Mountain reflects dynamic, disorienting views of its surroundings and the striped layers of Billio's Vellow Black Mountain rowke a bold, stripped-down aesthetic sensibility and a confidence in its own impenetrable character and solid construction. Despire adically different characteristics, set within a unifying black backdrop they exist in harmony, embracing diversity and dichotomies between function and form, the imagined and the built, the permanent and the ephemeral, lightness and gravitas, between human experience and the built the

From the long shadows cast by Modernism, by its utopian faith in technology, industry, architecture, design and social and cultural planning – the built environment – we emerge into the fractured light of a new century, our transition from a primarily rural-based species into a closely interconnected urban one nearly complete. Our relationships to our surroundings and each other are irrevocably in transition. Globalism and its emerging structures, although still not defined or fully known, have replaced Modernism. The economy that it spawned and had sustained it has melted down, exposed as an empty, flawed and filsified system. New economies, new structures, the built world and intangible forces are forming and our relationship to these structures and the structures of the state of the structure of the structure, the city, the technologies, the designs, the social and cultural

structures, the environment that defines who we are. Artist's Lisa Steele and Kim Tomczak

pose an essential question

We are in a state of becoming, but becoming what?

As made clear during the concurrent meetings of G20 leaders in Toronto, the struggle for control of the Global Empire is on A new empire, a new civilization, a new layer of history, another evolutionary step propels us, hurtling towards an uncertain future. In the Star Mars movies it is eventually revealed that archivals in the battle for control of the galaxy, the Galactic Empire and the Robel Alliance, are actually dual aspects of the same entity. Both are governed by The Force, a mysterious, unseen, phenomenological power that can be used for evil. Empires and the we build; what we build is who we are, and perhaps more significantly, who we dream to be suppire to be 4 who we dream to be agained to the suppire to be 4 who we dream to be agained to be suppired to the suppire to be who we dream to be agained to be who we dream to be agained to be who we dream to be we dream to be we dream to be suppired to be who we dream to be the suppired to be who we dream to be the suppired to be who we dream to be the suppired to be who we dream to be the suppired to be who we dream to be the suppired to be who we dream to be the suppired to be who we dream to be the suppired to be who we dream to be the suppired to be who we dream to be the suppired to be when the suppired to be the suppired to be suppired to be suppired to be who we dream to be the suppired to be suppired t

OHE#3EMPIREOFDREAMS

DADA DELIRIO

EVERYWHERE. NOWHERE...

My paintings emerge from black and white photographs I take in such seemingly public spaces as the lobbies of multinational corporations or hyper-It passages on the Las Vegas casino strip. These photographs are psychological impressions rather than actual

I travel through cyber-cities...sprawling, colossal spaces where the real and the virtual mingle, becoming immersive, destabilizing and

DO WE CARE?

Increasingly we are shutting out the real world – real experience, real sex, real travel. We know ourselves and the Other through mediated or simulated experiences on the screen. What is 'real'? What is simulated? Can we tell anymore?

ABJECTNESS?

The medium of painting itself critiques the virtual through the implied touch of the artist's hand, and the materiality of the paint and the canvas. To paint is to be human, to be messy. The surfaces hover somewhere between skin and screen, caressed by my touch, but with no visible tracking of the hand / brush.

BEAUTIFUL BUT DEAD...

The colours are purposefully fake...video blue radiates, blood red mutates into neon pink. Life has become s'üll-life', frozen on the screen...observed, recorded, duplicated, transmitted, digitized, coded. Seductive in its Virtual Perfection. Luminous layers of colour act as bariers and filters that position us as surveyors, looking out from 'windows' in the imagined viewing chambers.

I KandSURESSIONS...

I have always loved to roam the streets alone in the core of a big city - Montreal, New York, Toronto - preferably around dusk. From the time I was 'let loose' as a young woman, it was my first mode of freedom. I was unreachable, my coordinates unknown. There was a perverse pleasure in testing the limits of safety, in the arenas of public space.

THAVE EVIDENCE!

Visiting Paris, the city of the original flaneur, I learned 'how to watch back' with my camera. With the camera I could record and therefore remember. From then on I was watched with suspicion or

Weet Olds OF THE GAZE...
Woman, myself, empowered as a flaneuse of the present urban environment. The gaze and the object of the gaze; woman viewing/desiring/consuming the commodity landscape and woman as viewed/desired/consumed; consumed by visible/unisible avatars of the gaze, in a complex public theatre of contrivance.

OVER-EXPOSED...
Today in the city, all of us are exposed. The surveillance camera, the postmodern flamear, does not distinguish whether you are male or female, young or old. Tracking us, cataloging our images, sometimes reflecting them back to us and, present or not, we have internalized a presumption of watchful gazes

Panoptic vision, formerly reserved for the architecture of places of incarceration – the prison, the mental institution – has spread to the transparent enclosures of office towers. I look at the woman behind her desk. She looks at me. Reflected in the glass, I see me looking

PASS THE POPCORN, PLEASE...

The private, the home, these were once woman's enclosures. The public, the city, the entire world, was the roaming space of men. Women heard of the world 'though's become hand' accounts. Now we all see the world second hand, as recorded, edited, enhanced. As we cozy up on the couch we become voyeurs, the public becomes private, televised arrocities blend with the decor.

COLLIDING SPACES / PLACES...

Usualize this new globalized space, so layered and so fluid, merging impressions of my present environment with TV images of bombs exploding in remote villages, or memories of living four months in a tent on Meares Island, B.C., or looking out a train window, travelling across Siberia.

EVEN IN THE WILDERNESS!

Beyond the urban gaze of the surveillance camera, we can now be tracked and positioned by satellites. Space has collapsed, fusing the near and the far. "Objects in the mirror may be closer than they

MARY SHELLEY'S DR. FRANKENSTEIN?

MARY SHELLEY'S DR. FRANKENSTEIN?

Extreme contrasts of light and dark evoke the sublime, but not the sublime in nature seen in the work of the 19th century painters such as Friedrich and Turner. Now that nature has been observed, measured, subjected to experiments and tubulated as part of the Enlightenment Project, it only remains to be consumed by us. Nature may retain its beauty, but in our arrogance we assume that it has lost much of its terror intrinsic to the sublime. Within the contemporary world, our technological achievements have become 'the new sublime.'

THE TECHNO-SUBLIME ...



DAN BERGERON

Defunct Front, 2010. Mixed media, 423" x 138" Courtesy of the artist.

JODA CLÉMENT WITH NIGEL CRAIG

DATE LEBERT WITH THE WEATH

Charty Beach Project 2000. Ferformed and recorded by Joda Clément and Nigel Craig inside an empty waste oil storage tank-direct to DAT, June 4 & 5, 2004 at Cherry Beach, Toronto, Sound, e-prints. Courtesy of the artists.

LIAM CROCKARD LIAM CROCKARD
All Thumbs: Worktable and Stool No. 3, 2010. Found materials and acrylic medium, 55" x 36" x 40'
Remedy Et Cetera, 2008-10. Mixed media, various dimensions. Coursesy of the artist.

DORIAN FITZGERALD

Porto, Portugal, Rem/Koolbaus (Architect), 2010. Acrylic paint and caulking on Spean DuMoulin L.P. Photo: Toni Harkenschold: Courtesy of the artist and

SARA CRAHAM

Dephsition For a New System (18), 2010, Ink on vellum, yellow plexiglass, 24" x 30" Courtesy of the artist and MKG127, Toronto, Proposition For a New System (01), 2007. Not on vellum, yellow plexiglass, 24" x 30" Courtesy of the artist and MKG127, Toronto, Proposition For a New System (02), 2007. Ink, on vellum, yellow plexiglass, 24" x 30" Courtesy of the artist and MKG127, Toronto, Prophsition For a New System (02), 2010. Ink on vellum, yellow plexiglass, 24" x 30" Courtesy of the artist and MKG127, Toronto, Prophsition For a New System (03), 2010. Ink on vellum, yellow plexiglass, 24" x 30" Courtesy of the artist and MKG127, Toronto, Prophsition For a New System (14), 2010. Ink on vellum, yellow plexiglass, 24" x 30" Courtesy of the artist and MKG127, Toronto, Prophsition For a New System (14), 2010. Ink on vellum, yellow plexiglass 18" x 32" Courtesy of the artist and MKG127, Toronto, Proposition For a New System (14), 2010. Not on vellum, yellow plexiglass, 14" x 18" Courtesy of the artist and MKG127, Toronto, Proposition For a New System (14), 2010. Not on vellum, yellow plexiglass, 14" x 18" Courtesy of the artist and MKG127, Toronto, Proposition For a New System (14), 2010. Ink on yellow plexiglass, 14" x 18" Courtesy of the artist and MKG127, Toronto, Proposition For a New System (14), 2010. Ink on yellow plexiglass, 14" x 18" Courtesy of the artist and MKG127, Toronto, Proposition For a New System (14), 2010. Ink on yellow plexiglass, 14" x 18" Courtesy of the artist and MKG127, Toronto, Proposition For a New System (14), 2010. Ink on yellow plexiglass, 14" x 18" Courtesy of the artist and MKG127, Toronto, Proposition For a New System (14), 2010. Ink on yellow plexiglass, 14" x 18" Courtesy of the artist and MKG127, Toronto, Proposition For a New System (14), 2010. Ink on yellow plexiglass, 14" x 18" Courtesy of the artist and MKG127, Toronto, Proposition For a New System (14), 2010. Ink on yellow plexiglass, 14" x 18" Courtesy of the artist and MKG127, Toronto, Proposition For a New Syst

. Colour print, 12 1/2" x 19" edition 1 of 5. Collection of the Museum of Contemporary Canadian Art.

Margard Learns to Drive from There to Here, 2009. Multi-channel video installation, car, video projectors, amplifier, computer, custom software. Courtesy of the artist.

JANET JONES

Projections #2, 2010. Oil and acrylic on canvas, 18" x 18" Courtesy of the artist.
Projections #2, 2010. Oil and acrylic on canvas, 18" x 18" Courtesy of the artist.
Projections #3, 2010. Oil and acrylic on canvas, 18" x 18" Courtesy of the artist.
Dalba Delivie #2, 2009. Oil and acrylic on canvas, 18" x 18" Courtesy of the artist.
Dalba Plow #1, 2006. Oil and acrylic on canvas, 96" x 54" Courtesy of the artist.
Dalba Plow #3, 2006. Oil and acrylic on canvas, 96" x 54" Courtesy of the artist.
Dalba Delivie #4, 2009. Oil and acrylic on canvas, 96" x 54" Courtesy of the artist.

YVONNE LAMMERICH

meter, 2010. Plaster, plastic, polish, Styrofoam and graphite, 144" x 144" Courtesy of the artist.

YVONNE LAMMERICH AND JOSH THORPE
Hole in the Wall, 2010. Removal of paint, drywall, steel and particle board, 1 ½" diameter. Courtesy of the artists.

ction, Toronto, Courtey of the artist and LE Gallery, Toronto, ion, Toronto, Courtey of the artist and LE Gallery, Toronto, Courtey of the artist and LE Gallery, Toronto, Courtey, of the artist and LE Gallery, Toronto, Courtey, of the artist and LE Gallery, Toronto, Courtey of the artist and LE Gallery, Toronto, Courtey of the artist and LE Gallery, Toronto.

AN TE LIU

erilizers, washers, humidifiers, ozone air cleaners; running continuously, 205" x 146" x 83" Courtesy of the artist and MKG127, Toronto.

After-Images: Cedibidace Reconstruction Site 9, 2009-2010. Multimedia 2 min 20 sec, 180" x 228" Courtesy of the artist.

JADE RUDE AND BRUNO BILLIO od, gold acrylic, Styrofoam and lacquer, 120" x 120" x 192" Courtesy of the artists.

ALEX MCLEOD

Terror Twilight, 2010. Digital colour pr Spectral, 2010. Digital colour print, 48"

LISA STEELE & KIM TOMCZAK

Beoming B. Shor in Berlin in November 2007 and May 2008. HD video, duration 9:52.

Beoming B. Researched and shot in Vanctuaver July 2006. HD video, duration 12:47.

Beoming T. Researched and shot-in Toronto, July and August 2008. HD video, duration 12:14.

TAY False Creek, 2010. Digital e-print, 94" x 24" Courtesy of the artists and Clint Roenisch Gallery, Toronto.

Hybritat, 2007-2008. Mixed media, model landscape, various dimensions. Courtesy of the artists and Clint Roenisch Gallery, Toronto

Substructive Mural for MOCOd (after Asher and Huggles), 2010-Latex paint removed by palm sander to reveal historical wall colours accumulated from 2005-2008 Various dispensions. Courtely of the artist.

These baltrature's extractive for MOCOLAT THAN HAIR JOLA Lough of paint removed to reveal historical wall colours, 12" x 79"

OHE#3EMPIREOFDREAMS

087

Our experiences in the built environment contribute to defining who we are and how we perceive our place in the world. Employ of Dreathy considers our relationships to the tangible structures of our environment, but also tile less visible and arbitrary structures that inform it, sugh-are Geonomics, politics and culture. Empires are built, maintained and transformed by these constructs in ways that are sometimes cleanly turnous forther appeare. This exhibition and publication classified the phenomenology of the built environment of from the sear-and felt to the hypothetical, and hyper-real.

he Museum of Contemporary Canadian Art and ONE HOUR EMPIRE are grateful to all outpulsetors to the project for ruising essential questions and providing timely insights into the world's nat we build and how we inhabit them.

The themes embodied in the exhibition – architecture, urbanization, economic and cultural pardigms, utopianism, existing and imagined space – are certainly relevant to only times and the project had been inspired by many recent exhibitions exploring similar dislownes, especially, Substitutes eight? (The Power Plant, 2001), Constructive Folly (Doris McCarthy Gallery), 2004), The Leane-Drive Project fintlependent, Janine Marchessault and Michael Prokopow, curbons, North York, 2009), Pergett Publis de Tokyo, Paris, 2010), and Making Worlds, the central exhibition at the Venice Biennale, 2009.

The Museum of Contemporary Canadian Art. ONE HOUR EMPIRE and all of the equatibities to the project appreciate the crucial and generous support of the Michael and Sonja Koerner Directive and CEO of the Arg. Gallery of Ontario, Marthew Teitelbourn, this RISC Houndrion, artist Dasid Backwood, and the always enthusiate and her reason philapathopic and educational group Partners in Art and their many sporsers.

The Museum of Contemporary Canadian Art would also like by thank ONE HOUR EMPIRE and their team for basing their latest issue on the exhibition, Empire & Drasm. May their empire Hourish beyond an hour!

The activities at the Museum of Contemporary Canadian Art would not be possible without the extraordinary dedication and hard work of our Advisory Board and staff. In this case we are partice grateful to our educator, Card-Ann Yann, who organized the stries of public artist falls and discuss that were an integral dompform of this project and to those who attended the events. Art cannot function without an engaged audience.

MOCCA is also grateful for the ongoing support that we receive for this and all of our programming and activities from TORONTO Culture, the Ontario Arts Couricil, the Canada Council for the Arts BMO Financial Group, the Hall Jackman Foundation, our many private donors and members, and to the arts communities of Toronto and beyond for inspiring the dream and ensuring survival of the MOCCA Empire.

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